VISION-BASED NAVIGATION FOR AUTONOMOUS GOLF CART AUTOMATION ENGINEERING PROGRAM

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INTRODUCTION

Self-driving vehicles have become extremely popular in society nowadays. Therefore, we need to develop the self-driving car using image processing techniques.

Project Objectives

- To design the golf cart that can be self-driving by using image processing by the segmentation idea
- To connect and communicate with systems while controlling the movement of the self-driving golf cart using software (ROS2)
- To improve the performance and safety of the self-driving golf cart

Project Scope



- Using segmentation to discriminate road
- · Autonomously control · Autonomously control the speed of a car



the turning angle



DATA ANALYSIS

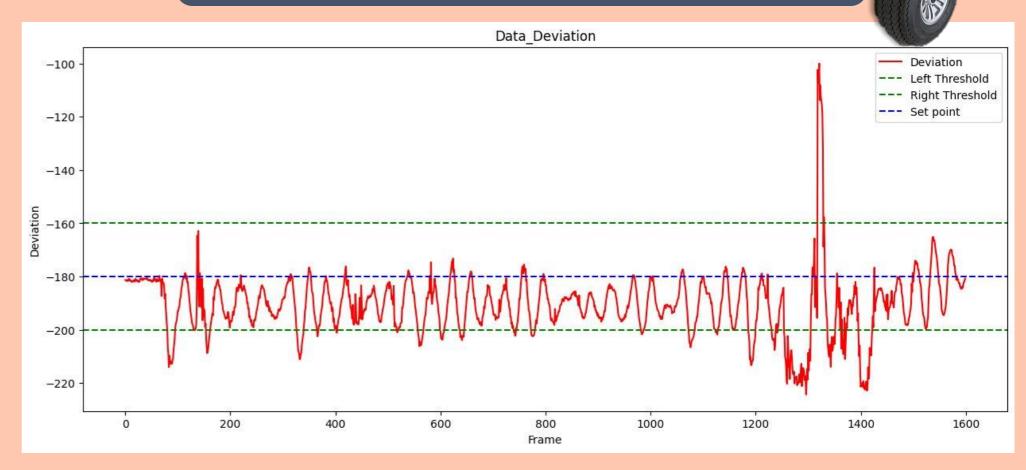
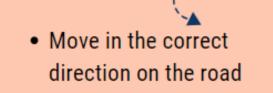


Figure 4: Data of Deviation per Frame





 Connect to a camera and low level control with ROS2



From S15



METHODS

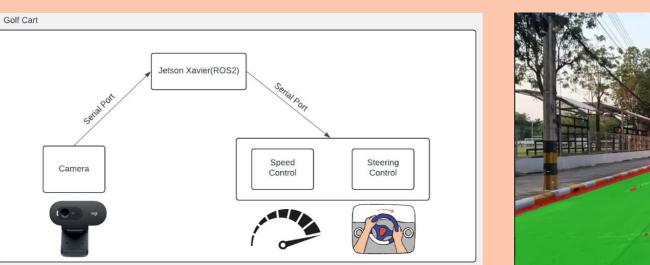


Figure 1: Block Diagram

Figure 2: Output from YOLOP Model

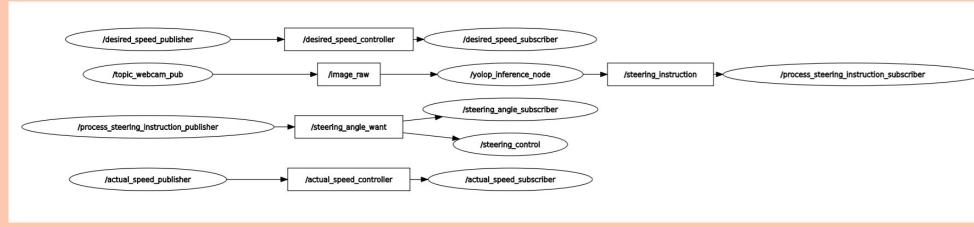


Figure 3: ROS2 Graph

RESULTS

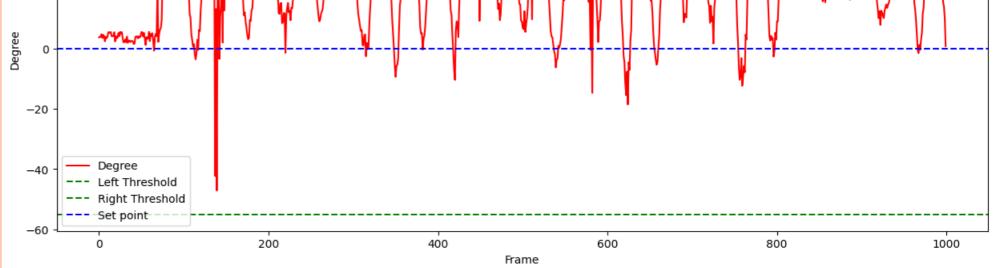


Figure 5: Data of Steering Angle (Degree) per Frame



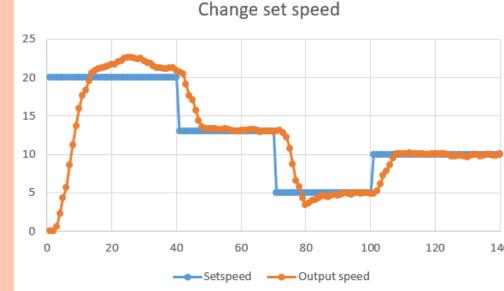


Figure 6: Output Speed at Set Speed 5 km/hr with Time

Figure 7: Output Speed at Each Set Speed with Time

CONCLUSION

From experiments of testing the golf cart on the road of King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi (KMUTT) in autonomous mode from S15 building to the Library using image processing and low-level control to enable communicate through Robot Operating System 2 (ROS2). The result is that the golf cart can automatically control the steering angle and drive autonomously



within the lane at a constant speed, using a PID controller to control the steering angle and motor speed of the golf cart. As a result, the golf cart can drive autonomously along both straight and curved paths as specified.



[1] Open Robotics, Ros2 Documentation: Foxy documentation [Online], Available : Concepts -**ROS 2 Documentation: Foxy documentation** [2] Dong W., Man-Wen L., Wei-Tian Z., Xing-Gang W., Xiang B., Wen-Qing C., Ming T. and Wen-Yu L., 2022, YOLOP: You Only Look Once for Panoptic Driving Perception, pp.1-13. Fisher Y., Haofeng C., Xin W., Wenqi X., Yingying C., Fangchen L., Vashisht M. and Trevor D., 2020,

[3] BDD100K: A Diverse Driving Dataset for Heterogeneous Multitask Learning, UC Berkeley., Cornell University., UC San Diego., Element, Inc., pp.1-4.

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